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The Jacobson Group is the leading provider of insurance talent. For more than 40 years, we have been connecting insurance organizations with professionals from the board room to the back room on both a permanent and temporary basis. We offer a variety of solutions including executive search, professional recruiting, RPO, temporary staffing, subject matter experts, and onsite and work-at-home operations support. Regardless of the need or situation, Jacobson is the insurance talent solution.









# PULSE OF THE INDUSTRY'S LABOR MARKET

- The U.S. unemployment rate fell slightly to 7.6 percent in March, with the addition of 88,000 jobs.
- Unemployment for insurance carriers and related activities decreased to 3.7 percent in March, despite losing 1,300 jobs.
- At approximately 2.35 million jobs, industry employment is up roughly 16,900 jobs compared to March 2012.
- The average 2013 industry unemployment rate thus far is 4.1 percent, below 2012's average of 4.4 percent and well below 2011's average of 5.8 percent and 2010's average of 6.2 percent.
- On a year-to-year basis, insurance industry employment saw job growth in March for all sectors, excluding life (down 3.22 percent): title, up 6.09 percent; TPAs, up 3.91 percent; health, up 1.72 percent; agents/brokers, up 1.26 percent; property and casualty, up 1.05 percent; reinsurance, up 0.78 percent; and claims, up 0.58 percent.
- On a year-to-year basis, March saw weekly wages increase for all sectors, excluding title (down 1.45 percent): reinsurance, up 17.12 percent; TPAs, up 14.67 percent; claims, up 13.56 percent; agents/brokers, up 3.15 percent; property and casualty, up 1.82 percent; and life/health, up 1.53 percent. 🔺

\*Derived from the data released by the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics

# LABOR TRENDS AND STAFFING EXPECTATIONS We surveyed 135 insurance companies and found that 56.2% intend to hire in the next 12 months!

### The Jacobson Group and ejsSearch are pleased to announce a worldwide merger.

Jacobson looks forward to offering our clients unparalleled access to global executive search expertise, while continuing to provide the dedicated and thorough approach we are known for.

Read the full <u>press release</u> for details about this exciting announcement.



Congratulations and best of luck to the following executives who recently took on new challenges within the industry:

### Jody Bilney

Senior Vice President and Chief Consumer Officer Humana Inc.

#### • Christine E. Closser

Vice President, Chief Underwriting and Premium Audit Officer Pacific Compensation Insurance Company

### Susan T. Deakins

Senior Vice President and Chief Financial Officer Penn Mutual Life Insurance Company

#### Don M. Desiderato

Senior Managing Director and Chief Technology Officer New York Life Insurance Company

#### John Fleurant

Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer New York Life Insurance Company

### • G. Janelle Frost

Chief Operating Officer AMERISAFE, Inc.

### Paul J. Fuhrman, CPA

Chief Financial Officer
Jewelers Mutual Insurance Company

### John Geary

President
Berkley Fire & Marine

### Michelle A. Gillis

Senior Vice President and Chief Administrative Officer American Financial Group

### Michael Grasher

Chief Financial Officer AMERISAFE, Inc.

### • John W. Hawie

Senior Vice President and Chief Strategy and Investment Officer Louisiana Workers' Compensation Corporation

### John S. Kish

Chief Information Officer SafeAuto Insurance Company

## Steve Lacke, FCAS, MAAA, MBA Chief Financial Officer and Senior Vice President Insurance Operations

President, Insurance Operations
MMIC Group

### David H. Long

Chairman, President and Chief Executive Officer Liberty Mutual Insurance

### • Chris Maleno

Division President, Ace USA ACE Group

### • Wendy L. Markham

Senior Vice President and Chief Underwriting Officer Nautilus Insurance Group

### • Rudolf Molkenboer

President and Chief Executive Officer ING Financial Holdings Corporation

### • Eric Piurkowski

Chief Financial Officer and Vice President of Finance Hospitality Mutual Insurance Company

### Hy Pomerance

Senior Vice President and Chief Human Resources Officer New York Life Insurance Company

### Kevin J. Rehnberg

President, Argo Group US Argo Group International Holdings, Ltd.

### Romel Salam

Executive Vice President and Group Chief Risk Officer Validus Holdings, Ltd.

### David Schraub, FSA, CERA, MAAA, AQ Staff Fellow, Risk Management Society of Actuaries

### Mike Scyphers

Chief Information Officer Markel Corporation

### Glenn T. Shapiro

Executive Vice President, Commercial Insurance, and Chief Claims Officer Liberty Mutual Insurance

### THE WORK-AT-HOME DEBATE WORKAROUND

By Gregory P. Jacobson, co-Chief Executive Officer of The Jacobson Group

FLEXIBILITY IN THE WORKPLACE **CERTAINLY A HOT BUTTON FOR TALENT IN** TODAY'S MARKET. AS MANY COMPANIES FIND THEMSELVES UTILIZING THE "SILENT PAYCHECK" AS A RECRUITING RETENTION TOOL, THE WORKFORCE GAINS A NEW SCHOOL OF BENEFITS INCLUDING THE ABILITY TO WORK FROM HOME. WITH SHORTAGE **OF** SKILLED **TALENT AVAILABLE, THESE KINDS OF BENEFITS** HAVE A MAJOR EFFECT ON EMPLOYER **BRANDING.** Mobile capabilities allow workers to report in and get work done from virtually anywhere. Data from the most recent U.S. Census revealed that during a typical week in 2010, 13.4 million people worked at least one full workday at home. That is 9.5 percent of the U.S. workforce. From 1997 to 2010, that number increased by about 4.2 million workers1. There denying is no it; telecommuting is a far-reaching trend gaining popularity in recent years.

This is why a recent announcement from Marissa Mayer, CEO of Yahoo!, drew so much attention. A work-at-home debate was ignited in February when Mayer issued a memo that was met with divided reactions. Beginning this June, all employees are to report to a company facility for work—no more work-at-home arrangements. This ban is to be enforced with little flexibility. Was this a morale killer that will ultimately harm company culture? Or, perhaps, a necessary drastic measure to



overhaul current problems Yahoo! faces in regards to corporate identity?

Across all industries, the debate is heated. A plethora of articles emerge daily, each declaring a firm stance in this polarizing discussion. Two irreconcilable camps have emerged. Is the work-at-home craze a disaster or is it going to change the face of how business is done? The question we should be asking is, "should this debate really be so black and white?" It seems we are neglecting the gray area, where some very important information lies.

Like all decisions regarding your company's human capital, this is one that requires a careful weighing of the pros and cons to develop a solution that is unique to your organization's needs. With no "right answer" in this debate, companies must come up with a

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Home-Based Workers in the United States: 2010. U.S. Census Bureau. Retrieved April 10, 2013, from www.census.gov/prod/2012pubs/p70-132.pdf

workaround that complements and improves its culture.

### THE PROS

The work-at-home option has certainly made its way into the insurance industry. One great example of success through telecommuting comes from Aetna. Reduced turnover, lessened real estate costs and higher productivity are the top benefits they report with 47 percent of staff working from home<sup>2</sup>. With proper management, many insurance functions are operable from a remote location.

It may be hard to believe that work-at-home program could produce higher productivity. However, a recent study from Stanford University and Beijing University compelling evidence. produced some Researchers worked with a Chinese travel CTrip, to run а nine-month experiment on working from home. A group of 250 employees participated. Half of the group was randomly selected to work from home, while the rest were to stay in the office as the control group. The home workers' productivity rose by 13 percent with a nine percent increase in minutes worked per shift. Their number of calls per minute increased. Attrition dropped 50 percent among the at-home workers and they reported much higher work satisfaction3. These results provide a strong argument that quality and quantity are no casualty to telecommuting.

Further, introducing a work-at-home option may make your company more attractive to a higher quality talent pool. Geographic barriers become a problem of the past. If



someone with the exact skill set you are looking for is not willing to relocate, you now have the option of hiring them anyway. The universe of talent has been expanded dramatically. Those with medical concerns or caregiving duties, perhaps parents who wish to be home when their children get off the bus, are now viable candidates. You could argue, then, that a work-at-home program has the added benefit of easing the gender gap by helping mothers who want to work and are seeking greater work/life balance.

### THE CONS

Of course, the decision to offer a work-at-home option does not come without consequence. Isolation is probably the most-feared downside for remote employees. Isolation can lead to damaged morale and disengagement. In-office energy creates important bonds between employees. There is something to be said for "water cooler" chatter. Great ideas are born when workers are given the opportunity to collaborate. While virtual meetings provide grounds for collaboration, the dynamic is different than face-to-face interaction. Video and phone

ford University.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Humer, C. (2013, March 1). In telecommuting debate, Aetna sticks by big at-home workforce. Reuters.com. Retrieved April 11, 2013, from http://www.reuters.com/article/2013/03/01/us-yahoo-telecommuting-aetna-idUSBRE92006820130301

<sup>3</sup> Bloom, N., Liang, J., Roberts, J., & Ying, Z. J. (2013). Does Working From Home Work? Evidence From a Chinese Experiment. Stan-

meetings tend to carry more formality. Miscommunications are more likely to occur when the bulk of interactions are online. Face

time is still the best way to ensure a healthy flow of information and knowledge.

There is also evidence that telecommuting can have a negative impact on work/life balance. When employees are always connected, work demands can intensify. The standard work week expands when employees begin responding to

emails at all hours and completing work outside of the traditional nine-to-five. Although the company may not be asking employees to put in the extra hours, a perception may arise that expectations have increased. This can leave employees struggling with work/life balance as the lines between work and home life blur.

Finally, there was a downside to that study Stanford from University and Beijing University, all. Despite after areater performance from the work-at-home group, promotions were down. This had researchers wondering if the cliché "out of sight, out of mind" rings true. By missing out on that important face time in the office, employees' chances of growth may be stunted. The organization could fall behind from succession stand point because there may be future leadership potential going unnoticed.

When companies do sit down to develop a work-at-home policy, all of these pros and cons must be considered within the context of

its unique culture. By scrapping the all-or-nothing approach, a successful balance can be struck. Maybe the ability to work from

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home is determined by seniority. Maybe everyone reports to a physical office location but is allowed the flexibility to also work from home on preferred days. How much face time does the position require? What level of collaboration is necessary to function?

What it comes down to is that there is no winner in the

work-from-home debate. What has worked so well for Aetna, just may be the thing that Yahoo! needed to change its company culture. When there is no definitive answer, a workaround must be put into place that will serve as a unique solution. It won't be a permanent answer as the workforce, and the factors that move it, continue to adapt to a shifting reality of work.

<u>Greg Jacobson</u> is co-chief executive officer of The Jacobson Group, the leading provider of talent to the insurance industry.

To further discuss this topic or if we can serve as a thought leader in your talent-related endeavors, don't hesitate to

contact Greg at +1 (800) 466-1578 or <u>gjacobson@jacobsononline.com</u>. Connect with Greg on <u>LinkedIn</u>.